**Chapter 4   
Disturbing the Binary: Rethinking Racialized Sex and Gender Among Black Women**

**Question:** A diagram used in order to help illustrate the complexity and differences between sex, gender, sexual attraction, and other related concepts

**Answer:** Genderbread Person

**Question:** phall- o- meter

**Answer:** A measurement method used to to determine if an infant will be labeled as a girl or a boy

**Question:** gender normative

**Answer:** Behavior that is compatible with cultural expectations of one’s gender

**Question:** Suggests that people fall into one of two sex categories, woman or man, that is associated with gender identities based on one’s sex assigned at birth

**Answer:** sex/ gender binary

**Question:** oppositional gaze

**Answer:** A way for people in subordinate positions to resist the dominant images and messages that communicate their devaluedness.

**Question:** The idea that gender is something developed in daily practice, learned and performed, through socialization, based on cultural norms of femininity and masculinity

**Answer:** Gender Performance

**Question:** Heteronormative

**Answer:** The belief that two opposing genders (male and female) are associated with natural roles of femininity and masculinity, respectively, and that heterosexuality is a given

**Question:** Nonbinary

**Answer:** Gender identities that don’t fall into one of the two categories: man or woman

**Question:** A term often used in same-gender loving communities to denote women who identify as feminine in appearance, behavior, erotic expression, or relationship roles

**Answer:** femme

**Question:** Toxic masculinity

**Answer:** Traditional and stereotypical norms of masculinity and manhood, such as the idea that boys and men have to be tough and cannot express their emotions

**Question:** Possession of both masculine and feminine characteristics

**Answer:** Androgyny

**Question:** Gender Identity

**Answer:** One’s sense of oneself as a female, male, or transgender.

**Question:** Individuals who have genitals, chromosomes, or reproductive organs that don’t fit into a male/ female sex binary.

**Answer:** Intersex

**Question:** Gender Assignment

**Answer:** The classification of an infant at birth as either male or female. Infants who are born with ambiguous genitalia are often assigned a gender by their physicians and parents.

**Question:** Minority Stress Model

**Answer:** Marginalized communities are subject to stress due to experiences of isolation based on their stigmatized identities.

**Question:** A person’s biological status and is typically characterized as female, male, or intersex (i.e., atypical combinations of features that usually distinguish male from female).

**Answer:** Sex

**Question:** An individual’s gender presentation, which includes their physical appearance, tone, clothing choices and accessories, and behaviors that illustrate aspects of gender or a gender role.

**Answer:** Gender Expression

**Question:** Transgender

**Answer:** An umbrella term used to describe a range of gender identities and when an individual’s gender identity is not consistent with their sex assigned at birth.

**Question:** A term to describe a person whose gender identity does not align with the gender binary in terms of identifying as a man or a woman.

**Answer:** Genderqueer

**Question:** The attitudes, behaviors, and feelings that a given culture associates with a person’s biological sex.

**Answer:** Gender